1724 Connecticut Avenue, NW Washington, DC 20009 (202) 234-5570

### FINAL

Study #14074 Protect Our Care Online Survey April 2021

# Please note: all results are shown as percentages unless otherwise stated.

S2. Just to make sure we have a representative sample, in what year were you born?

18-24	9	[106-108]
25-29	7	
30-34	8	
35-39	8	
40-44	9	
45-49	7	
50-54	7	
55-59	9	
60-64	11	
65 -69	10	
70-74	9	
75 and over	6	

#### S4. In politics, are you a...?

Strong Republican	27	[121]
Leaning Republican	16	
Completely independent	12	
Leaning Democratic	16	
Strong Democrat	29	
Total Republican	43	
Total Democratic	45	

S5. For statistical purposes only, are you...?

Male	46	[122]
Female	54	
Non-binary/other	-	

S6ab. Are you of Hispanic, Latino, or Spanish origin? (IF RESPONDENT SAYS "NO", ASK:) Please indicate your race.

White	72	[125]
Black/African American	13	
Hispanic/Latino/Spanish origin	9	
Asian/Pacific Islander	5	
Native American/American Indian	-	
Other	1	

Interviews: <u>1,200 voters nationally</u> Dates: <u>April 14-18, 2021</u> S7a. Did you vote in the recent election for president?

Yes, voted	100	CONTINUE	[126]
No, did not vote	-	TERMINATE	

### (INCLUDE HAWKINS ONLY IN STATES WHERE HE WAS ON THE BALLOT.)

S7b. Which candidate did you vote for in the election for president?

Joe Biden, the Democrat	51	[127]
Donald Trump, the Republican	47	
Jo Jorgensen, the Libertarian	2	
Howie Hawkins, the Green Party candidate	-	

S7c. Which candidate did you vote for in the election for U.S. House of Representatives in your congressional district?

The Democrat The Republican	49 46	[128]
A third-party candidate	1	
Representatives.	4	
I did not vote in the election for U.S. House of	4	

S8. What is the last grade that you completed in school?

Did not graduate high school	1	[129]
High school graduate	28	
Attended technical or vocational school	4	
Attended some college, but no degree	19	
Graduated 2-year college with an associate's degree	9	
Graduated 4-year college with a bachelor's degree	22	
Obtained a masters, PhD, or professional degree	17	

S9. Which of the following best describes your current employment status?

Employed full time	42	[130]
Employed part time (less than 35 hours per week)	11	
Unemployed but looking for work	10	
Full-time student	3	
Stay-at-home parent	5	
Retired	29	

1ab. Do you approve or disapprove of the job Joe Biden is doing as president? Do you strongly (APPROVE/DISAPPROVE) or just somewhat (APPROVE/DISAPPROVE) of the job Joe Biden is doing as president?

Strongly approve	38	[133]
Just somewhat approve	19	
Just somewhat disapprove	11	
Strongly disapprove	32	
Total Approve	57	
Total Disapprove	43	

2a. Do you approve or disapprove of the job that Democrats in Congress are doing?

Strongly approve Just somewhat approve Just somewhat disapprove Strongly disapprove	25 29 15 31	[134]
Total Approve Total Disapprove	54 46	

2b. Do you approve or disapprove of the job that Republicans in Congress are doing?

Strongly approve	12	[135]
Just somewhat approve	33	
Just somewhat disapprove	24	
Strongly disapprove	31	
Total Approve	45	
Total Disapprove	55	

3ab. As you may know, Congress recently passed President Biden's American Rescue Plan to address the impacts of the coronavirus. [ADD ON FORM A ONLY: The law includes \$1,400 stimulus checks for many Americans, funding to expand vaccine distribution, and assistance for people who are out of work because of the pandemic, as well as several other provisions.]

Is your overall opinion of the American Rescue Plan very favorable, somewhat favorable, somewhat unfavorable, or very unfavorable?

	All	FORM A*	<u>FORM B</u> **	
Very favorable	39	44	34	[138]
Somewhat favorable	28	29	27	
Somewhat unfavorable	13	13	14	
Very unfavorable	13	10	15	
I have not heard enough about it to say	7	4	10	
Total Favorable	67	73	61	
Total Unfavorable	26	23	29	

\* Asked of one-half the respondents (FORM A).

\*\* Asked of one-half the respondents (FORM B).

4a. The American Rescue Plan lowers the cost of insurance premiums for nine million people who purchase insurance through the Affordable Care Act and helps 15 million people with low incomes get health coverage if they are uninsured. The American Rescue Plan also provides financial assistance to help people continue their health coverage if they lost their job or employer health insurance during the pandemic.

Do you approve or disapprove of these healthcare provisions of the American Rescue Plan?

Strongly approve Just somewhat approve	42 34	[139]
Just somewhat disapprove	13	
Strongly disapprove	11	
Total Approve	76	
Total Disapprove	24	

4b. The healthcare provisions in the American Rescue Plan will be in effect for the next two years. Would you favor or oppose action by Congress to make these healthcare provisions permanent?

Strongly favor Somewhat favor	35 31	[140]
Somewhat oppose Strongly oppose	17 17	
Total Favor Total Oppose	66 34	

5. Every Republican in both the U.S. Senate and the U.S. House of Representatives voted AGAINST the American Rescue Plan. How does this make you feel about Republicans in Congress?

More favorable	31	[141]
Less favorable	46	
Makes no difference either way	23	

<sup>6.</sup> Below you will see some issues that President Biden and Congress might deal with this year, in addition to slowing and stopping the spread of the coronavirus. Which four of these do you think should be the most important priorities for the president and Congress to take action on?

THIS TABLE HAS BEEN RANKED BY THE HIGHEST PERCENTAGE OF COMBINED TOP 2 CHOICES

	Combined Top 2 <u>Choices</u>	Combined Top 3 <u>Choices</u>	
Lowering the cost of healthcare and prescription drugs and making healthcare insurance more affordable for more people	44	62	[142]
Creating new jobs by investing in infrastructure, clean energy, and manufacturing	33	46	>
Reforming the federal tax system and ensuring the wealthy pay their fair share	27	41	
Promoting racial justice and ending systemic racial disparities	24	34	
Reforming the political system and ending the power of big money in politics	23	39	
Passing comprehensive reform of the immigration system	19	29	
Reducing the power and influence of technology companies	16	26	
Making college more affordable and reducing student debt	14	23	

7a. How important do you think it is for President Biden and Congress to take action on each of the following?

THIS TABLE HAS BEEN RANKED BY THE PERCENTAGE WHO SAY VERY IMPORTANT

	Total Very/ Fairly <u>Important</u>	Very <u>Important</u>	Fairly Important	Just Some- what <u>Important</u>	Not That Important	Not Important <u>At All</u>	
Lower the price of prescription drugs and stop excessive drug price increases	90	67	23	8	1	1	[146]
Make health insurance more affordable and lower the cost of premiums	86	64	22	10	2	2	[143]
Expand health insurance coverage and reduce the number of people who are uninsured	76	51	25	14	5	5	[144]
Reduce disparities in healthcare that result in people of color and low-income people having higher mortality and worse health outcomes	74	50	24	14	5	7	[145]

7b. Here is that same list again. This time, please select the <u>two</u> that you feel should be the highest priorities for President Biden and Congress to take action on.

THIS TABLE HAS BEEN RANKED BY THE HIGHEST PERCENTAGE OF TOP CHOICE

	Top <u>Choice</u>	Combined Top 2 <u>Choices</u>	
Make health insurance more affordable and lower the cost of premiums	36	72	[147]
Lower the price of prescription drugs and stop excessive drug price increases .	32	62	>
Expand health insurance coverage and reduce the number of people who are uninsured	16	36	
Reduce disparities in healthcare that result in people of color and low-income people having higher mortality and worse health outcomes	16	30	

8Aa. Who do you trust more when it comes to dealing with the issue of healthcare—President Biden or the Republicans in Congress? \*

President Biden	49	[148]
The Republicans in Congress	28	
Both equally	7	
Neither	16	

\* Asked of one-half the respondents (FORM A).

8aB. Who do you trust more when it comes to dealing with the issue of healthcare—the Democrats in Congress or the Republicans in Congress? \*\*

The Democrats in Congress	46	[149]
The Republicans in Congress	33	
Both equally	7	
Neither	14	
** Asked of one-half the respondents (FOR	M B).	

8bA. And who do you trust more when it comes specifically to lowering the cost of prescription drugs—President Biden or the Republicans in Congress? \*

President Biden	47	[150]
The Republicans in Congress	29	
Both equally	9	
Neither	15	

\* Asked of one-half the respondents (FORM A).

8bB. And who do you trust more when it comes specifically to lowering the cost of prescription drugs—the Democrats in Congress or the Republicans in Congress? \*\*

The Democrats in Congress	47	[151]
The Republicans in Congress	31	
Both equally	9	
Neither	13	

9. Please rate your feelings toward each one of the following.

	Total Favor- <u>able</u>	Total Unfavor- <u>able</u>	Very Favor- <u>able</u>	Some- what Favor- <u>able</u>	Some- what Unfavor- <u>able</u>	Very Unfavor- <u>able</u>	
The Affordable Care Act (also known as "Obamacare")	58	42	30	28	15	27	[152]
Medicare	91	9	50	41	7	2	[153]
Medicaid	82	18	37	45	13	5	[154]

10a. What is your overall opinion of the pharmaceutical industry?

Very favorable	12	[155]
Somewhat favorable	33	
Somewhat unfavorable	35	
Very unfavorable	20	
Total Favorable	45	
Total Unfavorable	55	

10b. In general, do you think the amount that pharmaceutical companies charge for prescription drugs is...?

Very reasonable	7	[156]
Mostly reasonable	17	
Mostly unreasonable	38	
Very unreasonable	38	
Total Reasonable	24	
Total Unreasonable	76	

11. Thinking about prescription drugs, which worries you more...?

Congress will go too far in regulating the cost of prescription drugs		
and will reduce the ability of companies to invest in the research and		
development of new life-saving medicines	25	[157]
Congress will not go far enough to lower the cost of prescription		
drugs and will allow drug companies to continue charging excessive		
amounts that make medicines too expensive for many people	63	
Neither worries me	12	

# Q.12a AND Q.12b ARE ROTATED.

12a. In general, how easy or difficult is it for you to afford to pay the cost of prescription medicine?

Very easy Somewhat easy Somewhat difficult Very difficult Does not apply to me	19 32 27 11 11	[158]
Total Easy Total Difficult	51 38	

12b. In general, how easy or difficult do you think it is for most Americans to afford to pay the cost of prescription medicine?

Very easy Somewhat easy Somewhat difficult	5 17 52	[159]
Very difficult	26	
Total Easy Total Difficult	22 78	

13. Even though both might be important to you, which one of the following better describes what you would like to see Congress do with regard to drug prices?

Lower the cost of prescription drugs	58	[160]
Stop excessive drug price increases	38	
Neither is important to me	4	

14. Below you will see several healthcare policies that Democrats in Congress have proposed. Please rate your reaction to each one.

	Total <u>Favor</u>	Strongly <u>Favor</u>	Some- what <u>Favor</u>	Some- what <u>Oppose</u>	Strongly <u>Oppose</u>	
Give Medicare the power to negotiate with drug companies for lower prices	93	54	39	5	2	[161]
Give poor and low-income Americans who are uninsured, including seniors, children, and people with disabilities, the opportunity to obtain health insurance at little or no cost **	85	53	32	10	5	[164]
Give poor and low-income Americans who are uninsured, including seniors, children, and people with disabilities, the opportunity to obtain health insurance at little or no cost if they live in a state that has not yet expanded Medicaid coverage under the Affordable Care Act *	82	48	34	10	8	[162]
Lower the cost of health insurance for people who purchase coverage on their own **	94	52	42	4	2	[165]
Lower the cost of health insurance for people who purchase coverage through the Affordable Care Act *	77	42	35	11	12	[163]

\* Asked of one-half the respondents (FORM A).

\*\* Asked of one-half the respondents (FORM B).

15. The Democratic proposal would lower the cost of health insurance for people who buy insurance on their own by permanently expanding and increasing the tax credits and subsides they receive to offset the cost of premiums.

Do you favor or oppose the Democrats' proposal to permanently expand and increase the tax credits and subsidies people can receive to offset the cost of health insurance premiums?

Strongly favor Somewhat favor	32 41	[166]
Somewhat oppose	16	
Strongly oppose	11 73	
Total Oppose	27	

16. Below are some more specific details about legislation to lower the cost of prescription drugs. Please rate your reaction to each one.

	Total <u>Favor</u>	Strongly <u>Favor</u>	Some- what <u>Favor</u>	Some- what <u>Oppose</u>	Strongly <u>Oppose</u>	
Drug companies would not be allowed to raise the prices of existing drugs beyond the rate of inflation	92	65	27	5	3	[169]
All Americans will benefit from the lower drug prices negotiated by Medicare, no matter where they get their insurance from	94	62	32	4	2	[171]
Drug companies would be required to roll back their price hikes for thousands of drugs	92	62	30	6	2	[170]
Medicare would have the power to negotiate with drug companies for lower prices on the costliest drugs *	94	55	39	5	1	[167]
Medicare would have the power to negotiate with drug companies for lower prices on the costliest drugs that have no competition in the marketplace **	94	53	41	5	1	[168]

THIS TABLE HAS BEEN RANKED BY THE PERCENTAGE WHO SAY STRONGLY FAVOR

\* Asked of one-half the respondents (FORM A).

\*\* Asked of one-half the respondents (FORM B).

- 17a. Please look again at these healthcare proposals. If these proposals were presented together in a single package, do you think Congress should or should not pass this healthcare package?
  - Give Medicare the power to negotiate with drug companies for lower prices

#### (FORM A)

- Give poor and low-income Americans who are uninsured, including seniors, children, and people with disabilities, the opportunity to obtain health insurance at little or no cost if they live in a state that has not yet expanded Medicaid coverage under the Affordable Care Act
- Lower the cost of health insurance for people who purchase coverage through the Affordable Care
   Act

### (FORM B)

- Give poor and low-income Americans who are uninsured, including seniors, children, and people with disabilities, the opportunity to obtain health insurance at little or no cost.
- Lower the cost of health insurance for people who purchase coverage on their own

	All	FORM A*	FORM B**	
Definitely should pass the healthcare package	49	47	50	[174]
Probably should pass the healthcare package	35	34	37	
Probably should not pass the healthcare package	10	11	10	
Definitely should not pass the healthcare package	6	8	3	
Total Should Pass	84	81	87	
Total Should Not Pass	16	19	13	

\* Asked of one-half the respondents (FORM A).

17b. What are the main reasons you think Congress should or should not pass this healthcare package? What specifically do you like or dislike about President Biden's proposals? *Please answer as thoroughly and thoughtfully as possible. Multiple responses are welcome.* [208-218]\*

### Reasons why Congress SHOULD pass this healthcare package:

Insurance is too expensive, important to make health insurance affordable, attainable	23%
Looks good, makes sense/will help many people, all Americans should have access to coverage	21
Lowering prescription drug prices, affordable prescriptions will be a great help	18
Low-income, poor people need help, important for this to pass, to end disparity in health coverage	13
Healthcare costs in this country are too high, need to lower the cost of healthcare in this country	12
Will allow older/retired/disabled Americans to afford healthcare	3
Nothing, none	9
Don't know, no response	2

\* Asked of one-half the respondents (FORM A).

#### Reasons why Congress should NOT pass this healthcare package:

Too expensive, costs too much, many people won't be able to afford it	11%
Will raise taxes, taxes will be increased, burden on the taxpayers	5
Congress should not be involved in healthcare, too much government involvement	5
Will affect the economy, increase national debt, waste of money	4
Will be abused, corrupted, people will take advantage of the system	3
Other criticisms, unfavorable comments	6
Nothing, none, no response	44
Don't know, no response	7

\* Asked of one-half the respondents (FORM A).

18a. Nearly all Republicans in Congress OPPOSE this healthcare package and plan to vote AGAINST it. How does this make you feel about Republicans in Congress?

Very favorable	19	[230]
Somewhat favorable	20	
Somewhat unfavorable	26	
Very unfavorable	35	
Total Favorable	39	
Total Unfavorable	61	

18b. What is your best guess about why nearly all Republicans plan to vote AGAINST this healthcare package? What do you think is their main motivation for OPPOSING these proposals? *Please answer as thoroughly and thoughtfully as possible. Multiple responses are welcome.* [231-241] \*\*

Uncaring, don't care for the people, for the middle class	12%
They are rich, they cater to the wealthy, big business	11
Costly, expensive, will cost the government more money, they don't want to increase debt	10
Republicans support big pharma, they are bought out by the pharma lobbyists	8
They are against anything the Democrats want, put in front of them	6
Republicans oppose this because of President Biden, they would have supported Trump	5
Will increase taxes, taxes will skyrocket	4
They are greedy, main motivation is greed	4
Don't know, no response	8

18c. Looking ahead to the next election for Congress, if the Democratic candidate supported the healthcare proposals we have been discussing and the Republican candidate opposed them, would you be more likely to vote for the Democrat or more likely to vote for the Republican?

More likely to vote for the Democrat	53	[242]
More likely to vote for the Republican	30	
This would not affect my vote at all either way	17	

19a. Below you will see some things you might learn about the proposal to reduce the cost of health insurance for people who purchase coverage (FORM A:) through the Affordable Care Act (FORM B:) on their own. Please rate your reaction to each item on a scale of zero (not favorable at all) to 10 (extremely favorable).

THIS TABLE HAS BEEN RANKED BY THE PERCENTAGE WHO SAY VERY FAVORABLE (RATING "8-10")

				,		'	
		Total	Extrem Favora			t At All /orable	
	<u>Mean</u>	<u>8-10</u>	<u>9-10</u>	<u>7-8</u>	<u>5-6</u>	<u>0-4</u>	
This proposal will lower the price of health insurance for millions of middle-class Americans and working families who buy their own insurance, including workers in jobs without benefits and middle-class small -business owners and farmers	7.7	62	48	26	17	9	[243-244]
A 60-year-old couple with a household income of \$75,000 will save \$1,389 in monthly premiumsmore than \$16,000 in savings a year	7.6	59	44	28	19	9	[249-250]
Seven million lower-income Americans will be able to get health insurance with zero premiums as a result of this proposal	7.2	57	45	22	16	17	[245-246]
This caps the amount you have to pay in premiums if you buy insurance on your own	7.4	57	42	27	21	10	[253-254]
This proposal guarantees that if you buy insurance on your own, you will never have to pay more than 8.5% of your income on health insurance premiums **	7.4	57	40	28	21	11	[257-258]
This proposal guarantees that if you buy insurance through the Affordable Care Act, you will never have to pay more than 8.5% of your income on health insurance premiums *	7.0	55	40	24	19	17	[255-256]
A family of four with a household income of \$120,000 will save \$595 in monthly premiumsmore than \$7,000 in savings a year	7.2	53	39	25	22	14	[247-248]
Black and Hispanic Americans are much more likely than white Americans to be uninsured. This proposal would help close that gap because two-thirds of uninsured Black and Hispanic people							
would have access to quality coverage with no premiums	6.8	52	40	22	18	20	[251-252]

\* Asked of one-half the respondents (FORM A). \*\* Asked of one-half the respondents (FORM B).

# 19b. Which two of these items or examples most make you feel that this proposal is a good idea?

THIS TABLE HAS BEEN RANKED BY THE HIGHEST PERCENTAGE

	Combined Top 2 <u>Choices</u>	
This proposal will lower the price of health insurance for millions of middle- class Americans and working families who buy their own insurance, including workers in jobs without benefits and middle-class small -business owners and farmers	48	[259]
Seven million lower-income Americans will be able to get health insurance with zero premiums as a result of this proposal	32	
This caps the amount you have to pay in premiums if you buy insurance on your own	29	
A 60-year-old couple with a household income of \$75,000 will save \$1,389 in monthly premiumsmore than \$16,000 in savings a year	26	
This proposal guarantees that if you buy insurance [ <b>FORM A:</b> through the Affordable Care Act/ <b>FORM B:</b> on your own] you will never have to pay more than 8.5% of your income on health insurance premiums	25	
Black and Hispanic Americans are much more likely than white Americans to be uninsured. This proposal would help close that gap because two-thirds of uninsured Black and Hispanic people would have access to quality coverage		
with no premiums	23	
A family of four with a household income of \$120,000 will save \$595 in monthly premiumsmore than \$7,000 in savings a year	17	

\* Asked of one-half the respondents (FORM A).

\*\* Asked of one-half the respondents (FORM B).

20ab. Getting near the end of the survey, below you will see a statement from (**FORM A:** Republicans in Congress) (**FORM B:** the pharmaceutical industry) **in opposition** to the proposal to give Medicare the power to negotiate for lower drug prices. After you read it, please indicate how convincing you think this statement is.

Americans depend on the pharmaceutical industry to develop new cures and treatments to save lives, just as it did in developing safe and effective coronavirus vaccines. Putting government price controls on medicines will reduce the ability of the drug companies to discover new life-saving cures and treatments for diseases including cancer and Alzheimer's.

Very convincing	<u>All</u> 20 22	<u>FORM A</u> * 20 22	<u>FORM B</u> ** 20 22	[263]
Fairly convincing	22	22	22	
Just somewhat convincing	24	24	24	
Not that convincing	19	17	20	
Not convincing at all	15	17	14	
Total Very/Fairly Convincing	42	42	42	
Total Not That/Not Convincing At All	34	34	34	

\* Asked of one-half the respondents (FORM A).

Taking the other side of the coin, below you will see some statements in support of the proposal to give Medicare the power to negotiate for lower drug prices. For each one of these, please indicate how 21a. convincing you think it is.

# THIS TABLE HAS BEEN RANKED BY THE PERCENTAGE WHO SAY VERY CONVINCING

	Total Very/Fairly <u>Convincing</u>	Very Con- <u>vincing</u>	Fairly Con- <u>vincing</u>	Some- what Con- <u>vincing</u>	Not That Con- <u>vincing</u>	Not Con- vincing <u>At All</u>	
Americans should not pay three times more for medicines than people in other countries do. *	84	64	20	10	4	2	[271]
Americans should not pay the highest prices in the world for the medicines they need. **	82	62	20	10	5	3	[272]
Millions of Americans cannot afford their medicines while drug companies make huge profits. Americans should not have to choose between paying for the medicines they need or paying for their food and rent	82	60	22	10	5	3	[269]
Drug companies raise the price of existing drugs like insulin year after year, with no reason other than that they can. Even during the pandemic and economic crisis, drug companies raised the prices of more than 1,000 medicines.	79	55	24	12	5	4	[266]
The drug companies have a monopoly on many drugs because of long-term government patent protections, and the drug companies abuse their monopoly power to charge as much as they can get away with	77	51	26	15	6	2	[265]
The big drug companies are making record profits and are more profitable than most other big corporations. A big share of their profits goes to reward CEOs and shareholders rather than for research and development.	74	49	25	14	7	5	[264]
Giving Medicare the power to negotiate lower drug prices for all Americans will save patients \$158 billion over the next seven years and will lower the cost of some drugs by as much as 55%.	78	48	30	16	4	2	[267]
The experience with the coronavirus vaccine shows that government price negotiations work. The government negotiated a price to purchase vaccines from the drug companies that developed them, and the drug companies still will make a large profit	72	42	30	18	6	4	[268]
The big drug companies are making huge profits based in large part on research and development funded by the taxpayers, and the government will continue to fund research and development on new cures and treatments to protect innovation after drug					-	c.	
<ul> <li>prices are reformed.</li> <li>* Asked of one-half the respondents (FORM A).</li> </ul>	71	40	31	20	6	3	[270]

\* Asked of one-half the respondents (FORM A). \*\* Asked of one-half the respondents (FORM B).

21b. Looking at these statements again, please indicate which <u>three</u> you think are the most convincing reasons to give Medicare the power to negotiate with drug companies for lower prices.

THIS TABLE HAS BEEN RANKED BY THE HIGHEST PERCENTAGE

	Combined Top 3 <u>Choices</u>	
Millions of Americans cannot afford their medicines while drug companies make huge profits. Americans should not have to choose between paying for the medicines they need or paying for their food and rent	51	[273]
Americans should not pay [ <b>FORM A</b> three times more for medicines than people in other countries do/ <b>FORM B</b> : the highest prices in the world for the medicines they need]	47	
Drug companies raise the price of existing drugs like insulin year after year, with no reason other than that they can. Even during the pandemic and economic crisis, drug companies raised the prices of more than 1,000		
medicines Giving Medicare the power to negotiate lower drug prices for all Americans	41	
will save patients \$158 billion over the next seven years and will lower the cost of some drugs by as much as 55%.	37	
The big drug companies are making record profits and are more profitable than most other big corporations. A big share of their profits goes to reward CEOs and shareholders rather than for research and development	34	
The big drug companies are making huge profits based in large part on research and development funded by the taxpayers, and the government will continue to fund research and development on new cures and treatments to		
protect innovation after drug prices are reformed The drug companies have a monopoly on many drugs because of long-term	32	
government patent protections, and the drug companies abuse their monopoly power to charge as much as they can get away with.	30	
The experience with the coronavirus vaccine shows that government price negotiations work. The government negotiated a price to purchase vaccines from the drug companies that developed them, and the drug companies still		
<ul> <li>will make a large profit.</li> <li>* Asked of one-half the respondents (FORM A).</li> </ul>	28	
Asked of the hair the respondence (FORMA)		

\*\* Asked of one-half the respondents (FORM B).

21e. And having heard both sides, would you favor or oppose President Biden's proposal give Medicare the power to negotiate with drug companies for lower prices?

Strongly favor	49	[276]
Somewhat favor	36	
Somewhat oppose	8	
Strongly oppose	7	
Total Favor	85	
Total Oppose	15	

22. Giving Medicare the power to negotiate for lower drug prices will save the federal government hundreds of billions of dollars. Which one of the following do you think would be the better way to use this savings?

Lower the Medicare eligibility age to 60 and expand benefits		
to cover dental, vision, and hearing care	37	[277]
Expand health insurance coverage to millions of Americans		
of all ages and lower premiums for millions more Americans	63	

# FACTUALS: These last few questions are for statistical purposes only.

F1. How would you describe the area in which you live?

Large city Small city Suburb Small town	12 40 10	[278]
Rural area	18	

F2. Thinking about your general approach to issues, do you consider yourself to be...?

Very conservative	22	[279]
Somewhat conservative	20	
Moderate	27	
Somewhat liberal	16	
Very liberal	15	
Total Conservative	42	
Total Liberal	31	

F3. Which cable news channel do you watch the most?

---

CNN	22	[280]
The Fox News Network	22	
MSNBC	10	
Newsmax	4	
OANthe One America News Network	2	
I do not watch cable news	40	

F4ab. Do you currently have health insurance coverage? (IF RESPONDENT SAYS "YES," ASK:) Are you covered by a private health insurance plan through an employer, a private health insurance plan you purchase on your own, or a government plan such as Medicare, Medicaid, or VA Tricare?

YesPrivate health insurance plan through an employer	37	[310]
YesPrivate health insurance plan purchased on own	11	
YesGovernment plan such as Medicare, Medicaid, or VA Tricare	42	
YesOther insurance	2	
No, do not have health insurance	8	
Total Yes, Have Insurance	92	

F5. Please indicate whether each of the following items applies to you

	Yes, Applies <u>To Me</u>	No, Does Not Apply <u>To Me</u>	
You already have been vaccinated for COVID-19	54	46	[311]
You or somewhat in your household has had COVID-19	13	87	[312]
You or someone in your household gets your health insurance through the Affordable Care Act, or Obamacare	15	85	[313]
You or someone in your household gets your health insurance through Medicaid	27	73	[314]
You or someone in your household has a preexisting medical condition	54	46	[315]

F6. If you added together the yearly income of all the members of your family who were living at home last year, what would the total be?

\$10,000 or less Between \$10,000 and \$20,000 Between \$20,000 and \$30,000 Between \$30,000 and \$40,000 Between \$40,000 and \$50,000 Between \$50,000 and \$75,000 Between \$75,000 and \$100,000 Between \$100,000 and \$150,000	5 9 12 11 10 18 13 13	[316]
\$150,000 or more	9	